98 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0 4 JAN 2002

OFFICE ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 11-2000)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)

CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

217994US3PCT

US APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 10/019295

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB00/02588

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 5 July 2000

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 5 July 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION

MET	НОІ	D AND APPARATUS FOR FOCUSSING ULTRASONIC ENERGY					
APPL	ICAN	T(S) FOR DO/EO/US					
YOU	JNG :	Michael et al.					
. 1	1	de la contraction de la contra					
Appli	cant r	nerewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
1.	\boxtimes	This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.					
2.		This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.					
3.	<u> </u>	This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S C. 371(f)). The submission must include itens (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below.					
4.	\boxtimes	The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).					
5.	\boxtimes	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))					
		a. is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).					
		b. 🛮 has been communicated by the International Bureau.					
		c \square is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).					
6.		An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).					
	,•	a. is attached hereto.					
	1	b. \square has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).					
7.	×	Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S C. 371 (c)(3))					
		a. \square are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).					
		b. \square have been communicated by the International Bureau.					
		c. \square have not been made, however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.					
		d. \(\Bigcap \) have not been made and will not be made.					
8.		An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).					
9.		An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U S.C. 371 (c)(4)).					
10.		An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).					
11.		A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).					
12.	\bowtie						
It	ems 1	3 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:					
13.	\boxtimes	An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.					
14.		An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3 28 and 3.31 is included.					
15.		A FIRST preliminary amendment.					
16.		A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.					
17.		A substitute specification.					
18.		A change of power of attorney and/or address letter					
19.		A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S C. 1.821 - 1.825.					
20.		A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C 154(d)(4).					
21.							
22.							
23.	\boxtimes	Other items or information:					
		Notice of Priority/Form PTO-1449					

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U.S. APPLICATION NO (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/GB00/02588							DOCKET NUMBER US3PCT	
24. The fol	lowing fees are submitted:.	****				CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)): Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1 445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO								
⊠ International	preliminary examination fee (37	CFR 1.482) not paid to		\$890.	.00			
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☐ International and all claim	l preliminary examination fee (37 as satisfied provisions of PCT Art	acle 33(1)-(4)		\$100	.00			
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Surcharge of \$130.0 months from the ear	00 for furnishing the oath or declaritiest claimed priority date (37 Cl	FR 1.492 (e)).	0	⊠ 30		\$130.00		
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA		RATE		22.22		
Total claims	- 20 =	0	Х	\$18.00		\$0.00		
Independent claims	- 3 =	0	Х	\$84.00	_	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Multiple Dependent	Claims (check if applicable).	ABOVE CALCULAT		NIC -		\$1,020.00		
☐ Applicant claim	ms small entity status. See 37 CF							
reduced by 1/2		SUR	ΤO	TAL	_	\$0.00 \$1,020.00		
Processing fee of \$1	130.00 for furnishing the English rliest claimed priority date (37 C	translation later than \square 2		□ 30	+		400 70000	
months from the ear	riiest claimed priority date (3 / C.	TOTAL NATIONA	I F	TE TE	_	\$0.00 \$1,020.00		
Fee for recording the	e enclosed assignment (37 CFR appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR	1.21(h)). The assignment must	be			\$0.00	A 9	
accompanies by an	арргорима вого вист (в г. в.	TOTAL FEES ENCI		SED	=	\$1,020.00		
TOTAL PEES ENCLOSED					Amount to be:	\$		
						refunded charged	\$	
a. A check in the amount of \$1,020.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. Please charge my Deposit Account No in the amount of to cover the above fees.								
A di	uplicate copy of this sheet is enclo	osed.						
	Commissioner is hereby authorize deposit Account No. 15-003					quired, or credit any	overpayment	
NOTE: Where an 1.137(a) or (b)) mu	NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.							
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO: Surinder Sachar Registration No. 34,423 SIGNATURE								
		C	C. Irvin McClelland					
!		NAME 21,124 REGISTRATIO						
					ON NUMBER			
	?				in. 4 2002			
			D	ATE				

217994US-3-PCT

Rec'd PCT/PTO 22 MAR 2002

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF

MICHAEL YOUNG ET AL

: ATTN: APPLICATION DIVISION

SERIAL NO: 10/019,295

FILED: JANUARY 4, 2002

FOR: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR: FOCUSSING ULTRASONIC ENERGY

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231

SIR:

Prior to a first examination on the merits, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel Claims 1-12 without prejudice.

Please add new Claims 13-23 as follows:

13. (New) An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising:

means for generating ultrasonic vibrations;

a substantially plano-concave lens disposed immediately adjacent the means for generating ultrasonic vibrations to focus the ultrasonic vibrations at a focal point within the tissue; and

means for moving the focal point.

- 14. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 13, wherein the means for moving the focal point comprises means for mounting the lens to be longitudinally movable so that an effective location of the focal point is movable to impinge directly on the tissue to be treated.
- 15. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 14, wherein the means for mounting the lens is movable with respect to a surface of a body above the tissue to be treated.
- 16. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 13, wherein the means for generating ultrasonic vibrations includes a plurality of generator means for generating ultrasonic vibrations, each of said plurality of generator means provided with a respective substantially plano-concave lens to focus the ultrasonic vibration at said focal point within the tissue.
- 17. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 13, wherein the lens comprises a material selected from the group consisting of: titanium, an alloy of titanium, aluminum, and an alloy of aluminum.
- 18. (New) An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising:

 at least one ultrasonic generator configured to generate ultrasonic vibrations;

 at least one substantially plano-concave lens disposed immediately adjacent the at least one ultrasonic generator to focus the ultrasonic vibrations at a focal point within the tissue; and

a mounting mechanism configured to mount the lens to be moveable to move the focal point.

- 19. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein the lens is movable with respect to a surface of a body above the tissue to be treated.
- 20. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein the at least one ultrasonic generator includes a plurality of ultrasonic generators, each of said plurality of ultrasonic generators provided with a respective substantially plano-concave lens to focus the ultrasonic vibration at said focal point within the tissue.

- 21. (New) An apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein the lens comprises a material selected from the group consisting of: titanium, an alloy of titanium, aluminum, and an alloy of aluminum.
- 22. (New) A method of treatment of subcutaneous tissue utilizing an apparatus including at least one ultrasonic generator configured to generate ultrasonic vibrations, at least one substantially plano-concave lens disposed immediately adjacent the at least one ultrasonic generator to focus the ultrasonic vibrations at a focal point within the tissue, and a mounting mechanism configured to mount the lens to be moveable to move the focal point, the method comprising:

applying said apparatus to a body within which lies the tissue to be treated; and moving the at least one ultrasonic generator and the mounting mechanism so that their effective distance from a body surface above the tissue to be treated is such that the focal point of the lens is coincident with the tissue to be treated.

23. (New) A method as claimed in claim 22, wherein the target tissue comprises blood vessels.

IN THE ABSTRACT

Please amend the Abstract on page 10 to read as follows:¹

ABSTRACT

An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue including ultrasonic, e.g. piezoelectric, generators to generate ultrasonic vibrations. Each generator has a lens to focus the ultrasonic vibration at a point within the tissue. The focal point may be moved so that the generated ultrasonic vibrations may be focussed exactly at a point within the tissue that

¹A marked-up copy of the amendments is attached hereto.

requires treatment. The energy enters the surface of the body over a very wide area, and therefore causes minimum damage to healthy overlying tissue.

REMARKS

Favorable consideration of this application, as presently amended, is respectfully requested.

The present Preliminary Amendment is submitted to place the above-identified application in more proper format under United States practice.

By the present Preliminary Amendment original Claims 1-12 are cancelled and new Claims 13-23 are presented for examination. New Claims 13-23 are believed to be self-evident from the original disclosure, and thus are not deemed to raise any issues of new matter.

The Abstract has also been amended by the present response to be in more proper format under United States practice.

The present application is believed to be in condition for a full and thorough examination on the merits. An early and favorable consideration of the present application is hereby respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.

Gregory J. Maier Attorney of Record

Registration No. 25,599

Surinder Sachar

Registration No. 34,423

22850

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217994US-3-PCT

Marked-Up Copy

Serial No: 10/019,295 Amendment Filed on:

IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-12 (Cancelled).

Claims 13-23 (New).

IN THE ABSTRACT

Please amend the Abstract on page 10 to read as follows:

--ABSTRACT

[METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR FOCUSSING

ULTRASONIC ENERGY]

An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue [comprising] including piezoelectric generators [(1)] to generate ultrasonic vibrations. Each generator has a lens [(2)] to focus the ultrasonic vibration at a point [(3)] within the tissue. The focal point may be moved so that the generated ultrasonic vibrations may be focussed exactly at a point within the tissue [which] that requires treatment. The energy enters the surface of the body over a very wide area, and therefore causes minimum damage to healthy overlying tissue.--

3/12/2

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR FOCUSSING ULTRASONIC ENERGY

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for focussing ultrasonic energy.

More particularly, but not exclusively, it relates to an apparatus and method for treatment of subcutaneous tissue utilising non-invasive focussed ultrasound.

Tissue which may be treated by the method and apparatus includes subcutaneous blood vessels, unsightly thread veins, selected cancer tissue, and the like. The apparatus may be used for haemostatic cutting and cauterising of blood vessels. It may also be used in other, non-medical, areas where it is desired to apply high intensity energy to a small target zone.

One tissue type which may benefit from such treatment comprises fine arteries and veins lying closely beneath the dermis

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It is well known that fine arteries and veins may become visible in quite random areas closely beneath the dermis. Where these are visible through the dermis in a localised area, these arteries or veins may constitute a serious visual skin blemish.

It is known to remove or treat such blood vessels either using laser energy or by forms of invasive surgery so that the blood supply to that particular part of the vascular system is permanently interrupted and the unsightly blemish may be removed.

However, such known methods of treatment may cause collateral damage to the tissue of the patient being treated or may require lengthy recovery periods.

Similarly, it is well known that certain types of cancerous cell may lie close beneath the surface, such as melanomas or even prostate cancers. Such cancers can sometimes be treated by means of laser irradiation, but there may be damage to surrounding tissue and to the outer layers of the dermis and this may be unacceptable.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a method and apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue which obviates the above disadvantages.

According to a first aspect of the present invention, there is provided an apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising means to generate ultrasonic vibrations, means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at a point within said tissue, and means to move said focal point.

The apparatus may comprise a plurality of generator means to generate ultrasonic vibrations, each being provided with means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at said point within the tissue.

Preferably said means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at said point within tissue comprises lens means.

In the case where there are a plurality of generating means, each may be provided with a respective lens.

The or each lens may be plano-concave,

The or each lens may comprise titanium, titanium alloy, aluminium or an alloy thereof.

The or each lens may be disposed immediately adjacent the respective generator means.

The lens means may be so mounted that the location of the focal point thereof may be moved to impinge directly on the tissue to be treated.

Means to hold the lens means may be movable with respect to the body within which lies the tissue to be treated.

According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising the steps of providing an apparatus as described above, applying said apparatus to a body within which lies the tissue to be treated, and

moving said ultrasonic generation means and said focussing means so that their effective distance from to the body within which lies the tissue to be treated is such that the focal point of the lens is coincident with the tissue to be treated.

The tissue to be treated may be subcutaneous blood vessels.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be more particularly described by way of example and with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 shows schematically a system for generating high intensity focused ultrasound;

Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view of an apparatus utilising high intensity focused ultrasound for targeting on to a selected blood vessel;

Figure 3 is a cross-sectional view of an apparatus including three ultrasonic generators; and

Figure 4 is a plan view of the apparatus of Figure 3.

Referring now to Figure 1 and 2 of the drawings, a piezoelectric ceramic disc 1 is adapted to produce high frequency ultrasound in the 1-5 MHz range when excited at an appropriate frequency by electrical means (not shown). Immediately adjacent to the piezoelectric ceramic disc 1 is a focusing plano-concave lens 2 of aluminium alloy or titanium alloy or other suitable material, whereby the ultrasonic vibration is directed to a focal point 3 within the body wherein is located tissue, in this case a blood vessel 4, to be treated.

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The focal point 3 may require to be moved to take account of the depth of the blood vessel 4 within the tissue, so that the focal point 3 of the ultrasonic vibration coincides with the vessel 4. This is achieved by moving the assembled piezoelectric disc 1 and lens 2 either towards or away from the surface of the tissue.

Movement is determined according to the formula:

f = h+t

where f is the focal length of lens 2;

t is the depth of the target tissue 4 beneath the body surface; and h is the height of the lens 2 above the body surface.

Since f is a predetermined constant, for any variation in t, h must be changed.

The assembly of piezoelectric disc 1 and lens 2 is mounted to an inner holder 5 which is itself held to be longitudinally movable with respect to an outer holder 6. A container 7 surrounds the outer holder 6 and is provided with a seal 8 to engage sealingly the body surface. The container 7 is adapted to hold a coupling fluid medium 9, at least filling that part of its volume separating the lens 2 from the body surface. The medium 9 is preferably a gelatinous or aqueous liquid capable of transmitting the ultrasonic vibrations between transmitting head assembly 1 and 2 and the body surface. A second seal 10 is provided between the relatively movable inner holder 5 and outer holder 6.

As may be seen, use of the invention enables direct absorption of substantially all generated ultrasonic vibrations at a target point within the tissue. This direct absorption of ultrasound in the 1-5 MHz range will cause the temperature of the relatively small volume of the target

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tissue to rise rapidly, which will cause local coagulation of the vessel 4. Such treatment, when applied over an area of a visual skin blemish, should remove the offending blemishing vessels and improve the appearance of the area.

A further, more powerful, embodiment of the apparatus is shown in Figures 3 and 4. In this case, there are provided three ultrasonic generators 1, each associated with a respective plano-concave lens 2. Each of the three generator assemblies is attached by means of a bonding material 12 to a curved mounting plate 11. This mounting plate 11 forms one side of a liquid filled chamber 15, the other side of which is formed by a membrane 14 adapted to contact the surface of the body overlying the target tissue. The membrane 14 is sufficiently flexible to adapt itself to the shape of the body surface and the membrane material has good transmission for ultrasonic vibrations at the frequency (1 - 5 MHz) being used.

The apparatus including the three generator heads 1 is supported within a container 16 which enables the apparatus to be moved over the surface above the tissue to be treated.

As may be seen, each of the three generators 1 may individually be of comparatively low power intensity, but since all three are focused on the same point 3 within the tissue, the energy at that point 3 is markedly intensified- three times that of the intensity of any one of the individual already focussed beams. As is clear from the Figures, the intensity of the ultrasound at the surface of the body is very low, with any adverse effects minimised because of the wide area within which the beams enter the body. The intensity increases only gradually through the layers of dermis and epidermis to an intensely focus at point 3.

If so desired, more than three generator heads may be used, for example five in a cross configuration, seven in a circular configuration, or any number in any desired arrangement.

The use of the invention has been described by way of a method and apparatus to treat subcutaneous tissue, whether it is blood vessels or cancerous tissue. However, many other uses for the apparatus may be found, and it is not limited to a medical use.

CLAIMS

- An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising means to generate ultrasonic vibrations, means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at a point within said tissue, and means to move said focal point.
- 2. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein there is provided a plurality of generator means to generate ultrasonic vibrations, said plurality of generator means being provided with means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at said point within the tissue.
- 3. An apparatus as claimed in either claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said means to focus said ultrasonic vibration at a point within the tissue comprises lens means.
- 4. An apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein said plurality of generator means is provided with lens means to focus said ultrasonic vibrations at a single point within the tissue.
- . 5. An apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein each of said plurality of generator means is provided with a respective lens means.
- 6. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 5, wherein the or each lens means is substantially plano-concave.
- 7. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 6, wherein the or each lens comprises titanium, an alloy thereof, aluminium or an alloy thereof.

- 8. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 7, wherein the or each lens means is disposed immediately adjacent the or a respective generator means.
- 9. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 3 to 8, wherein the or each lens means is so mounted that the effective location of the focal point thereof is movable to impinge directly on the tissue to be treated.
- 10. An apparatus as claimed in claim 9, wherein means to hold the lens means are movable with respect to the surface of the body above the tissue to be treated.
- 11. A method of treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising the steps of providing an apparatus as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, applying said apparatus to a body within which lies the tissue to be treated, and moving said ultrasonic generation means and said focussing means so that their effective distance from the body surface above the tissue to be treated is such that the focal point of the lens is coincident with the tissue to be treated
- 12. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the target tissue comprises blood vessels.

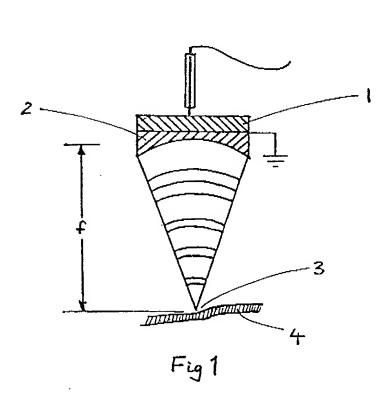
ABSTRACT

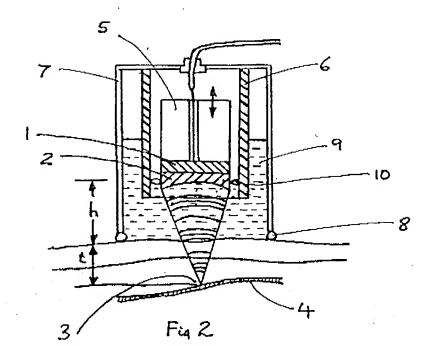
METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR FOCUSSING ULTRASONIC ENERGY

An apparatus for treatment of subcutaneous tissue comprising piezo electric generators (1) to generate ultrasonic vibrations. Each has a lens (2) to focus the ultrasonic vibration at a point (3) within the tissue. The focal point may be moved so that the generated ultrasonic vibrations may be focussed exactly at a point within the tissue which requires treatment. The energy enters the surface of the body over a very wide area, and therefore causes minimum damage to healthy overlying tissue.

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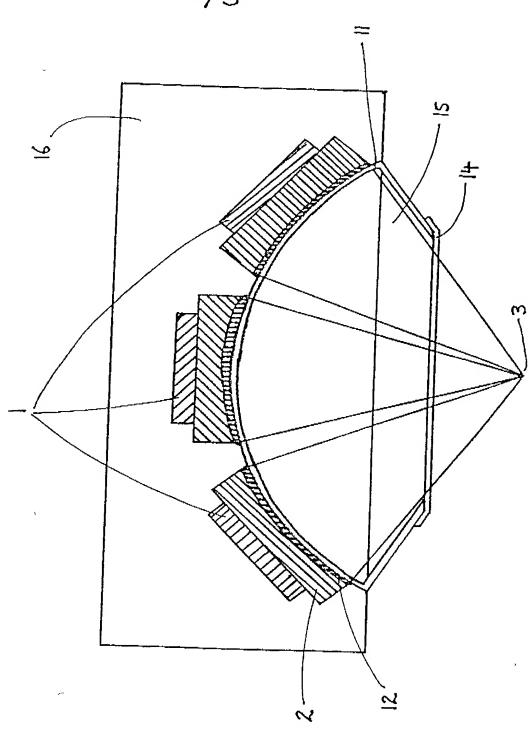
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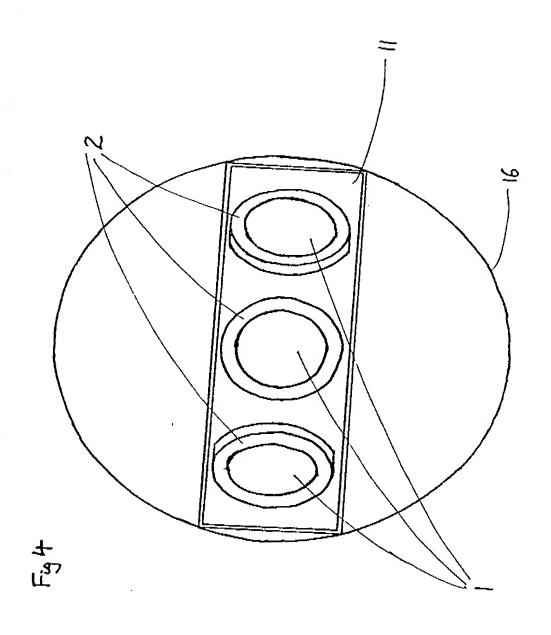
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3/3



Declaration, Power of Attorney and Petition

Page 1 of 3

WE (I) the undersigned inventor(s), hereby declare(s) that:

My residence, p	post office address and citizenship are as sta	ited below next to my name,	
	that we are (I am) the original, first and ich a patent is sought on the invention entit		subject matter which is
METHOD AND A	PPARATUS FOR FOCUSSING ULTRAS	SONIC ENERGY	
the specification of	which		
1			
□ i	s attached hereto.		
⊠ v	vas filed on January 4, 2002 as		
A	Application Serial No. 10/019,295		
а	nd amended on	·	
⊠ v	vas filed as PCT international application		
1	Number PCT/GB00/02588		
C	on July 5, 2000	,	
a	and was amended under PCT Article 19	.	
	on (if application	able).	
We (I) hereby	state that we (I) have reviewed and unders s, as amended by any amendment referred t	tand the contents of the above	-identified specification,
	ledge the duty to disclose information known 1.56 of Title 37 Code of Federal Regulation		ability of this application
application(s) for p at least one country any foreign applica	y claim foreign priority benefits under a atent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of other than the United States, listed below ation for patent or inventor's certificate, of oplication on which priority is claimed. Pri	of any PCT International applies and have also identified belower PCT International applications.	cation which designated w, by checking the box,
Application N	o. Country	Day/Month/Year	Priority Claimed
9915707.5	Great Britain	5 July 1999	⊠ Yes □ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No

10/01

Page 2 of 3 Declaration

	(Application Number	()	Filing Date)			
	(Application Number	·) (Filing Date)			
We (I) hereby claim the benefit under 35 any PCT International application designatin each of the claims of this application is not dimanner provided by the first paragraph of 35 material to patentability as defined in 37 CF application and the national or PCT Internation		gnating the United States, listed not disclosed in the prior United of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowle 37 CFR § 1.56 which became a	States or PCT International application in the dge the duty to disclose information which invailable between the filing date of the price			
Applio	cation Serial No.	Filing Date	Status (pending, patented, abandoned)			
And	And we (I) hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s): 22850					
business in	as our (my) attorneys, with full powers of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact a business in the Patent Office connected therewith; and we (I) hereby request that all correspondence regarding this application be sent to					
		22850				
on informa that willful of Title 18	ation and belief are believed false statements and the like	to be true; and further that these so made are punishable by fine e and that such willful false st	owledge are true and that all statements made statements were made with the knowledge or imprisonment, or both, under Section 100 atements may jeopardize the validity of the			
Michael Jo	hn Radley YOUNG FIRST SOLE INVENTOR	*	ce: Bremridge House, Bremridge, Ashburton			
THIND OF						

Page 3 of 3 Declaration

Stephen Michael Radley YOUNG	Residence: Bremridge House, Bremridge, Ashburton,
NAME OF SECOND JOINT INVENTOR	South Devon TQ13 7JX, Great Britain Cobb
SINVener	
1 the party party	Citizen of: Great Britain
Signature-of-Inventor	Mailing Address: same as above
	Maming Fradress. Same as access
129/1/02	
Date 29/1/07	
	Residence:
NAME OF THIRD JOINT INVENTOR	residence
	Citizen of:
Signature of Inventor	Citizen of:
	Mailing Address:
Date	
	Residence:
NAME OF FOURTH JOINT INVENTOR	
	Citizen of:
Signature of Inventor	Mailing Address:
	Walling / Kddress.
Date	
	Residence:
NAME OF FIFTH JOINT INVENTOR	
	Citizen of:
Signature of Inventor	Mailing Address:
Date	